

## Pillar 1: Resilient Ecosystems

Addresses the prioritization, planning, and protection of ecosystems and species. This pillar emphasizes a comprehensive assessment of the status and conservation priorities for ecosystems and species, development of frameworks for integrated planning, and the effective coordination and implementation of species protection and wildlife security in the country, including reducing human wildlife conflict and promoting coexistence.

## Pillar 2: Engagement by all Kenyans

Highlights the need to engage all Kenyans in recognizing the value of our wildlife and embracing their role in its conservation through appropriate collaborative initiatives. This includes outreach and awareness activities, conservation education and curriculum development, and incentive programmes that enhance access to benefits and promote participation by all Kenyans.

## Pillar 3: Evidence based Decision Making

Emphasizes the importance of knowledge, information, and human capital for successful conservation. This pillar includes strategies to enhance capacity, develop evidence based decision support tools for adaptive management, and promote data sharing, use, and integrated cross sectoral and multi-scale planning for conservation and sustainable development.

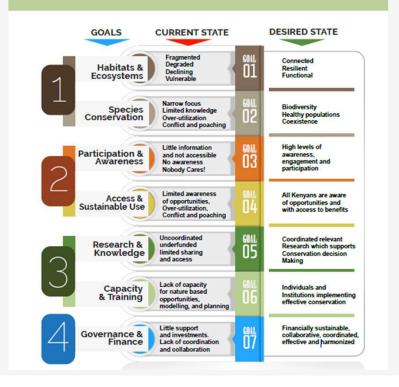
## Pillar 4: Sustainability and Governance

Outlines a framework and set of priority actions for ensuring the coordination, effective implementation, and sustainability of wildlife conservation in Kenya. This includes the development of an effective governance structure involving communities, counties, and the national government, a conservation fund, and innovative funding opportunities based on a comprehensive understanding of the value of wildlife to Kenya's sustainable development.



# Theory of change

In response to current and future challenges, the strategy provides a coherent structure and theory of change. This is how we will move from the current state of declining wildlife and degraded habitats to one of health wildlife populations and functioning ecosystems













#### CURRENT STATE

Fragmented Degraded Declining Vulnerable



#### DESIRED STATE

Connected Resilient Functional



#### STRATEGIES

planning Mainstreaming and coordination Cross-sectoral engagement Management plans



#### **OUTCOMES**

Integrated planning and



### Species Conservation







Healthy Populations Coexistence



Assessment Monitoring Modelling Protection and



Prioritization Planning Conservation and Management





### Participation and Awareness



### CURRENT STATE

Little information and not accessible No awareness Nobody Cares! "Reckless" behaviour Low engagemen and active alienation



#### DESIRED STATE

High levels of awareness and understanding, engagement and participation



#### TRATEGIES

Relevant information available and accessible Partnerships and collaborations for effective and coordinated



#### OUTCOME

Care



#### Access and Sustainable Use



#### CURRENT STATE

Narrow Focus Limited Knowledge of opportunities and Techniques Over Utilization Conflict Poaching



#### DESIRED STATE

All Kenyans are aware of opportunities and with access to benefits Kenyans benefiting Coexistence for Mutual Benefit



#### STRATEGIES

Mechanisms and structures for promoting benefits (eg. extension) Innovative Approaches to Capturing Benefits



### OUTCOMES

Value for All









#### CURRENT STATE

Limited Access Disconnected from Needs Little Social and



### DESIRED STATE

Conservation Decision Making

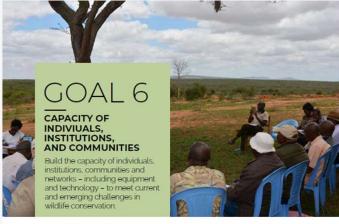


#### STRATEGIES

Conference Modelling and



#### **OUTCOMES**



### Capacity and Training



#### CURRENT STATE

Lack of capacity for nature based opportunities. modelling, and planning



#### DESIRED STATE

Individuals and Institutions Implementing Effective Conservation



#### STRATEGIES

Gap Analysis Research and Training Institute Curriculum Colleges and Universitites Exchange Programme



#### **OUTCOMES**

Capacity for Change





## Sustainability and Governance



#### **CURRENT STATE**

Little support from GoK and Private Sector Short term investments. No clear aluation of economic, socia, cultural, and ecological contributions Limited coordination low collaboration Unclear roles. Conflicting policies, strategies, and mandates



#### **DESIRED STAT**

Sustainable Collaborative Coordinated Effective Harmonized



### STRATEGIES

Conservation Trust Fund Clear Opportunities for Tressury and Development Partners Private Sector Contributions Real Valuation of Ecosystem Services Innovative PES and tax incertifive strategy Coordination Body M&E System for regular review of strategy Clear targets, roles and responsibilities.



#### **OUTCOMES**

Sustianable Conservation Outcomes

